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RELAX IN DAKS THE FAMOUS COMFORT IN ACTION TRUNKS Whiteaways

COMMENT OF THE DAY

The Real Threat

THERE are unhappy signs that the Suez Canal crisis, far from being resolved in consequence of the creation of a United Nations emergency force and the despatch of its first formations to the area, is in fact becoming more acute and dangerous.

The hostile reception accorded the vanguard of the UN police force plainly indicates that the Egyptians regard them as interlopers and that they do not intend to recognise or accept their authority. This attitude does not come as a surprise. It merely confirms the doubts originally felt about the ability of the UN forces to be effective. It sustains too the warning sounded when the UN reached its decision that unless the police force could be wholly effective in carrying out its functions, Egypt would be in the position to re-establish herself as a military arsenal.

This is a potential development which not unnaturally makes Britain and France hesitant to withdraw immediately all their forces from the Suez Canal. Once this has been done, and Nasser has imposed the conditions under which he permitted the UN police force to enter Egypt, it will be virtually impossible to stop Egypt from resuming her interrupted collusion with Russia designed in the long run to make the Middle East yet another sphere of Communist influence.

Composing the Palestine dispute in of prime importance; so too is an agreed settlement for the future of the Suez Canal. Nevertheless, to the world generally, the overriding concern is Russia's intention to establish herself as a dominating influence in the Middle East.

To accomplish this Russia is prepared to act as the benevolent patron to any or all of the Arab States. For implementation of her plan she also requires the removal of physical obstructions, such as the presence of Anglo-French troops. And when this has been done, she will support to the hilt Egypt's demand for the withdrawal of the UN police force.

The real threat to world peace lies not so much in the continued presence of Anglo-French forces in Egypt, but to Soviet conquest after those troops have been withdrawn.

ALLIES WANT 3,000 IN SUEZ

REQUEST TO HAMMARSKJOLD 'PUT PRESSURE ON NASSER' PLEA

Washington, Nov. 22. Britain and France want the United Nations emergency force to total 3,000 men in the Suez Canal Zone before they complete evacuation of their forces, the United Press learned today.

But Mr Dag Hammarskjold, Secretary-General of the United Nations, appears reluctant to push for Egyptian acceptance of this plan, it is reported here. The force now has less than 1,000 men in the Canal Zone.

British and French officials at the United Nations hope to persuade Mr Hammarskjold in the next two or three days to use his influence with President Nasser of Egypt to agree to a considerably increased force.

It now appears that Britain and France will no longer demand that the United Nations Force stay in the area until the Canal is cleared of obstruction or a conference for a permanent settlement of the Canal problem has been called.

NEW POLICY Apparently they will be satisfied with an increased UN force, to be stationed for an indefinite time in the Canal area.

In the meantime, U.S. pressure on Britain to speed up evacuation of the Anglo-French forces in the Canal Zone has not been relaxed and even appears to have been increased. The acting Secretary of State, Mr Herbert Hoover Jr., reportedly urged the Australian and New Zealand Foreign Ministers last week to ask Britain to withdraw the Anglo-French forces from the Canal area.

Mr Hoover reportedly told the two ministers that a quick withdrawal was necessary to block possible new Russian threats to send "volunteers" into the Middle East.

IKES' VIEW Informed sources said the administration hoped that European nations, hard hit by the oil crisis and dependent on U.S. shipments for economic survival this winter, would also press Britain and France to speed the Suez evacuation.

A high American source close to President Eisenhower said that the United States had made Britain and France "fully aware" of its view that their forces should be withdrawn from Egypt immediately.

In a private briefing for United States correspondents, the source said the United States had always believed that Britain and France offended the principle of the United Nations Charter when they captured and occupied Port Said.

Having made the error, they ought not to continue it, the source said. He added that they were placed at a continuing disadvantage since their dealings with the United States are confined to contact with Mr Herbert Hoover, Acting Secretary of State, who, diplomats said, must still be regarded as something of a stranger in their midst.—United Press & China Mail Special.

CHILDREN KILLED

Port Said, Nov. 22. Two Egyptian children were shot dead yesterday during demonstrations, which marked the arrival of the first units of the international police force in Port Said, a British military spokesman said today.

An autopsy established that the children, aged 12 and 14, had been shot through the heart, the spokesman said.

French informed sources said that the military authorities did not exclude the possibility that the children might have been assassinated for political purposes, in order to produce a toll of victims.

Port Said, meanwhile, was calm today. The Franco-British troops, who were consigned to barracks, following yesterday's incidents, have been instructed not to be seen with the Norwegian soldiers of the U.N. police force, so as not to compromise their neutrality.

ARRESTS MADE

Another Port Said report quoting a British military spokesman said today that members of the Muslim Brotherhood were being arrested here "every day."

A spokesman told a press conference that the Brotherhood had launched a para-military underground movement and had large supplies of arms and ammunition hidden.

Caches of guns and ammunition were being found daily. He accused the Brotherhood of inciting crowds here yesterday following the arrival of the first contingents of United Nations soldiers.—All Agencies.

RAF Plane Crash

Singapore, Nov. 22. A Royal Air Force Valiant transport aircraft crashed in the Cameron Highlands area of North Malaya this morning, killing seven RAF personnel and 10 local hill-tribe residents, it was reported.

Locals To Get Their Chance

Singapore, Nov. 22. The Singapore Government is to make big changes in its Civil Service, beginning next January as part of its "Malayanisation" programme.

The government announced today that as a result of the re-organisation, it will be possible for junior officers of outstanding ability to obtain promotion to the highest government appointments.—Reuter.

In Your Saturday Mail

Here are some of the top-line features you'll find in tomorrow's big family favourite edition of the week-end China Mail:

★ There's No Sleep for Mr UN — from Don Iddon in New York.

★ My escape at Dieppe — the Johnnie Johnson story continues.

★ London on Saturday night, by Roderick Mann.

★ Too much education of top leaders, by David Marsh.

★ Reading the tea leaves, a Glass cartoon, three pages of pictures, comic strips and more — all in the Saturday Mail.

What Britons Think

London, Nov. 22. Four people in 10 in Britain believe that British and French forces should stay in Egypt until the Suez Canal has been agreed on by all nations.

A smaller proportion—30 per cent—say these forces should be withdrawn as soon as the United Nations force is established in Egypt.

This is shown by a Daily Express poll of public opinion carried out during the period November 17 to 21.

THE QUESTION

Sixteen per cent of those asked said Anglo-French forces should remain until the Canal is reopened.

The same cross-section of voters were asked: Do you feel that the UNO force which has been sent to Egypt will, or will not be effective in keeping the peace in the area?

Forty-one per cent thought the force would be effective; 32½ per cent did not think it would be effective, and 26½ per cent stated they didn't know.—London Express Service.

Argentine Army Plot Fails

Buenos Aires, Nov. 22. Argentine informed sources disclosed today that a plot by a group of high-ranking Argentine Army officers to seize the Army Ministry last night failed.

Due to the quick action of General Arturo Osorio Arana, Argentine Minister of the Army, the plot was foiled.

It was announced this morning that General Osorio Arana had taken over the duties of Army Commander-in-Chief as well as continuing as Army Minister.

Another army communiqué announced that Argentine Reserve Brigadier-General Leon Justo Bengoa and Reserve Brigadier-General Juan Jose Uranga, had been arrested.

Carried Arms

The communiqué said they had been arrested with 18 other people while they were parked near five cars near the headquarters of the Mounted Grenadier Regiment in Buenos Aires. The occupants of the cars were found to be carrying arms.

Bengoa was Minister of the Army and Uranga was Transport Minister in the government of Provisional President Eduardo Lonardi, who was installed in office after the successful revolt last year against the government of Juan Peron.

Informed sources said that four high-ranking generals went last night to the Minister of the Army to demand the resignation of General Osorio Arana, who had prior knowledge of the nationalist plot to seize his ministry, and had the four generals immediately arrested.—France Press.

Conditions

Workers leaders were understood to be meeting the Soviet-backed Hungarian Communist Prime Minister, Mr Janos Kadar, in Budapest tonight, to discuss the strike situation and their conditions of resuming work.

These included the reinstatement of Kadar's deposed predecessor, Imre Nagy, the withdrawal of Soviet troops, free elections and recognition of the National Workers Council as a negotiating partner.—Reuter.

Police Alerted

Western observers said they thought it probable that the citizens of the Hungarian capital would obey the "strike call." It was understood police were being alerted in case of trouble.

But all was calm in Budapest today and there were few Soviet troops and tanks in sight.

CHINESE ADVICE

Moscow, Nov. 22. It was important not to take "inconsiderate or stupid measures" which might prejudice the international solidarity of Communists, provoke internal conflicts and lead to splits in the Communist movement, the Peking People's Daily said, according to Pravda.

It was recommending on differences between Communist parties in different countries.

Communist countries and parties in negotiations should take into account the complexity of the situation and subordinate their own interests to that of the general community, the article said.

The Soviet newspaper Pravda, today published a Chinese Communist warning that differences among Communist parties and countries must be settled through negotiations, mutual concessions and self-criticism.

Might Reappear

The article, reprinted from the Peking People's Daily, stated that errors in relations among Communist countries, which had been committed in the past, might reappear in the present or future.

Western diplomatic circles here attached considerable importance to the Chinese article, in the light of the differences which have arisen recently between the Soviet and Yugoslav Communist parties.

These circles felt that the Chinese Communists might offer their mediation in settling the conflict.

The article expressed the hope that in the future the Socialist forces of the world would develop the spirit which President Jao Guofeng, negotiator between the Soviet Union and Poland, had shown.

Now A Strike OF SILENCE

Budapest, Nov. 22. Leaflets scattered here today called on the people of Budapest to stage a one-hour "indoor silent strike" tomorrow — exactly one month after the start of Hungary's revolution, in which untold thousands died.

The leaflets, unsigned, told people to stay in their homes and to refrain from their vehicles between 2 and 3 p.m.

Crowds read them as they thronged the streets in freezing cold in search of food and queued outside the few shops open.

It was at 3.30 p.m. on October 23 that a student anti-Status demonstration set off a series of events which blazed into fighting between demonstrators and security police, later backed by Soviet tanks and infantry.

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Shepilov Links Suez And Hungary

POPE ILL



POPE PIUS XII

Vatican City, Nov. 22.—Pope Pius XII today was suffering from a slight attack of grippe. The Pope's condition, however, was not considered at all serious.

Several days ago, the Pope underwent an examination by Dr. Antonio Barbarrini, who treated the Pope during his serious illness two years ago. Dr. Barbarrini said he was relatively satisfied with the Pope's health.

The Pope's aides have attempted to persuade him to cut down the number of his audiences, but he has refused to do so.—France-Press.

MERMAID RUMOUR

Alor Star, Nov. 22.—Persistent rumours that a mermaid had been caught off the Langkawi Islands, Northern Malaya, and taken to Alor Star Hospital brought a number of curious visitors to the hospital all this week.

The bewildered hospital staff had to tell callers who wanted to see the mermaid: "We haven't any such patient in the hospital."

The Langkawi Islands were visited by the Duke of Edinburgh during his Malaysian tour.—Reuter.

A British Crossword Puzzle



ACROSS

- 1 Bog (6).
- 4 Ancestors (5).
- 7 Sluggish (3).
- 8 The chosen people (5).
- 9 Noisiness (6).
- 11 Diminutives (7).
- 13 Make dam (7).
- 15 Sporting dog (6).
- 18 Gloss (5).
- 19 Became gloomy (8).
- 20 Duck (5).
- 21 Boil (6).

DOWN

- 1 Tied up (5).
- 2 Blue (5).
- 3 Frigidity (7).
- 4 Keen on the straight and narrow (6).
- 5 Reserved (8).
- 6 Drains (5).
- 10 Hung about (6).
- 12 Makes certain of (7).
- 13 Part of the body (6).
- 14 Offer (6).
- 16 Subject (5).
- 17 Cret (5).

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD.—Across: 1. Apes, 4. Revivals, 8. Pool, 9. Star, 10. Migraine, 11. Epic, 12. Rota, 13. Tresses, 15. Elude, 16. Dense, 17. Treated, 18. Head, 19. Vent, 20. Curious, 21. Ideas, 22. Box, 23. France, 24. East, 25. Down, 26. Tantal, 27. Senses, 28. Remit, 29. Elderly, 30. Brown, 31. Tied, 32. Head, 33. Tires, 34. Senses, 35. Speed, 36. Devotee, 37. Elders, 38. Select, 39. Senses, 40. Ape, 41. Senses.

CLAIMS EPISODES PART OF SAME PLAN

United Nations, Nov. 22.—Soviet Foreign Minister, Dimitri Shepilov, speaking in the resumed general debate in the United Nations General Assembly, said that the "aggression against Egypt and the Fascist coup in Hungary" were "episodes of the same plan which aimed at persecuting peoples and returning to the colonialist era."

He said that a victory of the "reactionary forces" in Hungary would have sown dangerous seeds of war in Europe. It was the first time since the second world war that "underground Fascist forces" had launched a challenge to the Democratic force in an attempt to seize power by violence," Shepilov said.

Agent Provocateur

The Soviet Foreign Minister described Israel as an "agent provocateur in the pay of the French and British."

Talk of a Communist plot in the Middle East was like a Hollywood scenario, he said. Shepilov regretted that the United States had refused to accept the Soviet Union's offer of co-operation in putting an end to the aggression.

He said that Soviet offers to help Egypt through the intermediary of the United Nations had been distorted and presented as expressing a desire of the Soviet Union to work for its own ends in the Middle East against the interests of the Western powers.

Shepilov said that the "Franco-British aggression" had been blocked by "the heroic Egyptian people," backed up by world public opinion. Egypt's example would "inspire all peoples fighting for their freedom and independence."

Demand Evacuation

The Soviet Foreign Minister said that according to Egyptian reports, the Franco-British forces at Port Said, far from being withdrawn, were being reinforced.

"As long as troops of the aggressors remain in Egypt, war may break out," he said. "The Soviet delegation thinks that the General Assembly should imperatively demand the complete evacuation of Egypt by British, French and Israeli troops."

Shepilov protested against what he termed "Israel's annexation designs" on Gaza, the Sinai peninsula and the islands of Tiran and Suez.

The Soviet Foreign Minister said that it was the task of the

Security Council and not of the United Nations to create an international police force. The Assembly's action in setting up a police force had therefore "violated the Charter," he declared.

Nevertheless, since Egypt had given her agreement, Shepilov said, he would agree to the presence of the international force on the Egyptian-Israeli armistice line on condition that it withdraws when Egypt asked it to do so.

The international force should not remain on the Suez Canal after the departure of the Franco-British expeditionary force, he said.

He said that the presence of the international police force along the Suez Canal should not be used on behalf of plans to internationalise the Canal.

Only Function

The only function of this police force was to ensure the departure of foreign troops from Egypt.

The Soviet Foreign Minister said the United Nations should also halt the plans of France, Britain and Israel for aggression against Syria and Jordan.

Shepilov said the Egyptian expedition would not save colonialism in Algeria. The people of North Africa had taken their destinies in their hands, and this movement of "national renaissance" could not be halted.

Shepilov said that events in Hungary had been used as a pretext for diverting attention from the "colonial expedition" in Egypt and reviving the cold war. He said that supporters of capitalism were not certain they would be able to prove the superiority of their system in peaceful competition.

Rejected Theory

Shepilov presented to the Assembly the disarmament plan and proposal for a conference of the Big Four powers plus India, announced in Moscow last Friday.

Declaring that the problem of disarmament was urgent, Shepilov rejected the "pseudo-realistic theory, according to which peace can be founded only on the balance of the great powers in an armaments race."

The Soviet Minister deplored what he called the "illegal embargo" on trade with China. He proposed that an international economic conference, with the participation of all countries be held in 1957, to study problems of the development of world trade, the setting up of a world trade organisation and aid to under-developed countries.

Set A Date

He said that the Soviet Union was meanwhile prepared to contribute to the special United Nations fund for economic development.

Calling for the abolition of colonialism, Shepilov suggested that the General Assembly set a date for the granting of independence to all countries now under trusteeship.—France-Press.

Franco-Libyan Agreement

Paris, Nov. 22.—The French National Assembly today approved the ratification of the Franco-Libyan treaty by a vote of 411 to 120.

By the provisions of the treaty the territory of Fezzan, occupied by France during the war, would be returned to Libya.

An amendment to the original text was also passed by a vote of 433 to 150, providing that the instruments of ratification of the treaty would not be deposited until after the demarcation of the frontier between Algeria and Libya.

BELGIAN PRINCES ATTEND SERVICE



Prince Albert and Prince Alexander, sons of ex-King Leopold of the Belgians and brother of King Baudouin, arrive at St Michel Church, Brussels, for a Te Deum service.—Express Photo.

UN PLAN TO FIGHT LOCUST MENACE

Rome, Nov. 22.

Plans are underway today to set up a co-ordinating centre for a veteran United Nations police force in the Middle East for the past five years battling against a biblical enemy of man—the deadly desert locust.

The UN Food and Agricultural Organisation (FAO) said here today that a co-ordinating centre for its desert locust

operations was being planned for setting up in the ancient town of Addis Ababa in Ethiopia.

FAO's desert locust operations has a 21-nation alliance. They support a million-dollar field army of "staff officers" and regiments of poison-spray equipped "troops" on the alert to crush these food-destroying insects in any spot from Africa through to Asia.

In Addition

FAO said that the Addis Ababa centre would be in addition to the organisation's centre at Jidda in Saudi Arabia, which at present co-ordinates the international campaign against the locust in the Arabian peninsula.

The new Addis Ababa centre will co-ordinate operations in parts of the Sudan, Ethiopia, Kenya and the various Somali regions. These territories are most frequently infested by the insatiable locusts.

First locust arrivals this year were reported in Saudi Arabia. FAO said. Reconnaissance units of the desert locust control army working with Egyptian field units reported the infestation there as "assuming dangerous proportions."

FAO said that locust swarms of this year's first autumn migration from the summer breeding areas in the Sudan and French Equatorial Africa were quickly located by field spotting units of the anti-locust army.

Swarms were also reported in Algeria, Morocco, Ethiopia, the Spanish Sahara and Yemen. Poison-spray equipped forces stationed in Yemen have already attacked the locust menace, FAO said. The Yemen Government granted \$10,000 for desert locust control this year.

FAO said that eight countries are contributing a million dollars supporting the UN desert locust operations army, they include France, Lebanon, Sudan, Turkey, United Kingdom, Bahrain, Kuwait and Qatar.

Other Nations

Nine other countries including Saudi Arabia, Egypt, India, Iran, Iraq, Pakistan, Syria and Yemen are providing control units to join the army operations.

Equipment, materials and "staff officers" have been contributed by FAO for this year's campaign valued at about \$350,000.—United Press.

EGYPTIANS EVACUATED

Port Said, Nov. 22.—The first Egyptians to be evacuated from here to the mainland by the British were due to leave today by felucca (Arab sailing vessel).

They consist of about 40 mothers and small children and a number of sick.

A British spokesman said that about 2,000 Egyptians had applied to leave Port Said, but only one felucca is allowed to leave here daily.

Thousands of Egyptians left this city in the first week after the invasion—before controls were imposed on the movement of people and shipping.—Reuter.

Colombian Unit For UN

London, Nov. 22.—Colombia will send 1,000 men to the United Nations International Middle East police force, the Colombian Embassy in London announced today.

Colombia, the only South American country to fight under the United Nations flag in Korea, will be the first South American state to contribute to the new force.

The first two detachments of the Colombian battalion have already arrived in Wazir, Pakistan, and are now being trained by the British.

WRITE OFF

Tokyo, Nov. 22.

The Japanese Government today ordered the Japanese Fountain Pen Association to suspend business for one week from December 1 on charges of neglecting the inspection of fountain pens recently sold at the Peking Trade Fair.

A government spokesman said the Association had been in charge of the testing of fountain pens which were due to be exhibited and sold at the recent Communist Chinese trade fair in Peking and Shanghai.

A Ministry of Trade and Industry official said only 10 per cent of Japanese fountain pens tested for quality since April this year and destined for overseas markets had been issued with export licences.—Reuter.

DISMISSED SAILORS

Paris, Nov. 22.

The Polish PAP agency reported today that 2,000 requests for rehabilitation had been received at the Polish Sailors Union headquarters from sailors unjustly dismissed from their jobs.

The agency said that a rehabilitation commission under the auspices of the Sailors Union and made up of representatives of the Ministries of Justice, Navigation and Interior, as well as representatives of the Workers Party had been set up.—France-Press.

One purpose of their visit is to discuss Canadian uranium sales to Japan.—Reuter.

Reception For 'Saint Joan'



A group of people, including children, gathered for a reception.

A group of people, including children, gathered for a reception.

A group of people, including children, gathered for a reception.

A group of people, including children, gathered for a reception.

AUSTRIA DENIES SUPPLYING ARMS TO HUNGARIANS

United Nations, Nov. 22.

Austria categorically denied today that any arms shipment has crossed the Austrian border into Hungary.

Austrian Foreign Minister Leopold Figl told the General Assembly that his government had not found "a single case" of such shipments of weapons into neighbouring Hungary.

He did not state the origin of allegations of arms shipments into Hungary from his country. Earlier Soviets hinted that Western arms had found their way into embattled Hungary through Austria.

"Such and similar allegations from whichever side they may come, must therefore be rejected as unfounded," Figl declared.

The head of the Austrian delegation reaffirmed his country's neutrality policy. But insisted that it is "an armed neutrality" that would be maintained militantly.

Law And Justice

"Should our freedom be attacked," he told the Assembly, "we shall know how to defend Austria's borders. Neutrality for Austria is dedicated to law and justice, and rejection of force and violence."

Figl appealed to UN members to assist Austria in her mission of caring for some 30,000 refugees from the Russian action in crushing the rebellion in Hungary.

"The handling of refugees is causing formidable expense," he said.

"I therefore appeal to all delegates to urge their governments to assist Austria in the discharge of this task and thus to contribute towards alleviating want and deprivation among the refugees."

More refugees are arriving in Austria daily, he added.

In explaining Austria's neutrality policy, Figl said that Austria's foreign policy is based on "intensive co-operation within the framework of the international community of states, with all the means at our disposal, for the maintenance of peace."

"Austria's neutrality consists in the obligation, never in the future to enter into any military alliances and never to permit the establishment of military bases by foreign powers on her territory," he said.

Binds State

"The concept of 'Austrian neutrality' does not include ideological ties. Neutrality binds the state merely and not the citizens. The right to free expression of opinion and freedom of the press are guaranteed in the Austrian constitution."

"The Austrian people have given evidence during the past 10 years that the principles of the Declaration of Human Rights are to them not merely words but are a binding obligation."

"Permanent neutrality is not an international obligation dictated to us from above. It is a foreign policy chosen by the Austrian people in a free and self-reliant decision. Our neutrality is also not an end in itself but a means to an end. This end, which was expressly adhered to in the Federal Constitutional Law, is the maintenance of our independence and inviolability of our territory."

Figl said, in connection with the Hungarian refugee problem, that forced migrations of peoples during this century "certainly do not contribute to the honour and the good name of this so-called century of progress."

800,000 Refugees

He said that 800,000 refugees had crossed the Austrian border, since the end of World War II and that 150,000 of them were still being cared for by the Austrian Government under the Geneva Convention.

"For us Europeans the tragedies of these poorest of the poor, who have lost their homelands, are very much alive in our memory," he said.

Figl told the Assembly his country would take an active part in efforts to guarantee the peaceful use of atomic energy. He said Austria would "facilitate in every way" the establishment of the seat of the International Atomic Energy Agency in Vienna.

He reminded delegates that the Vienna Philharmonic Orchestra will give a concert in the Assembly Hall on Human Rights Day, December 10.

Serve As Symbol

"Austria will give expression to her solidarity with the United States and we consider ourselves fortunate in giving voice to our special language in this hall of peace," he said.

"Austria binds people together, may the harmony of the orchestra serve as a symbol and a guiding rule for the action for the representatives of peoples who have represented the world."—United Press.

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HONGKONG

KOWLOON

"Don't you see, dear, if you turned and
faced your responsibilities more often
your back wouldn't be so inviting...."



PROVOCATION

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Will The Suez Crisis Lead To The Collapse Of The Commonwealth?

By **HAROLD JAMES**

THE Suez crisis will
lead to the break-up
of the Common-
wealth, say Sir An-
thony Eden's political
opponents and not a few of
his supporters. They point
to Canada as having been
no more than neutral. The
Government of the Union
of South Africa has been
non-committal and, if any-
thing, critical. Only Aus-
tralia and New Zealand are
in agreement with British
policy. India, Pakistan and
Ceylon are seething with
indignation.

Are the critics of the
Prime Minister right? Will
the Commonwealth col-
lapse?

It is believed that the
anxiety felt in the non-Asian
dominions was aggravated by
Britain's failure to consult them
beforehand. But the British
Government claims that con-
sultation was not possible. Swift
action was necessary to save the
Canal.

The ruffled feelings of these
dominions will be smoothed in
time, especially as the reasons
for Britain's action become
clearer. But, in the context of
Commonwealth relations, what
the crisis has done is to widen
the differences between Britain
and the new dominions, India,
Pakistan and Ceylon. The rift
caused by recent events goes
deep; but it was not started by
the Suez affair.

India's Policies

RELATIONS with India have
been deteriorating for some
time. On Mr. Nehru's part
there is a growing tendency
towards "colonialism" in the
foreign relations—Britain erred
in not drawing India into SEATO
and in engineering the Baghdad
Pact. Nehru, the pacifist, sees
in both these entanglements, as
he would call them, a menace to
peace. He feels that they bring
an increase of warlike tension
on India's doorstep.

Another of Mr. Nehru's
grievances is that Britain has
let him down over Goa. Since
France was content to fade out
of the Indian picture he had
hoped that Portugal would
follow suit; and when Portugal
thought otherwise, India was
disappointed that Britain did
not put pressure on her oldest
ally to reconsider.

On the other hand, Britain
has found much to criticize in
India's external policies. To
many—perhaps most—people in
Britain, India's foreign policy
does not make sense. The
world, as they see it, is faced
with two alternatives—Com-
munist or non-Communist.
One is either for or against
Communism. There is no half-
way house.

A policy of neutrality or
non-violence which India so
staunchly pursues, seems un-
intelligible to many Britons.
But then, they are more
practical than the Indians, and
do not realize that India's
appeal to world affairs has
national and religious basis.

Historically, this goes back to
the times of the Emperor Ashoka
who, having expanded his
dominions in a series of bloody
campaigns, was smitten by con-
science and renounced war for
the Buddhist belief in non-
violence. It is, then, this
mystical influence of Buddhism,
brought up to date by the
pacifism of Mahatma Gandhi,
that is the strongest factor in
Indian external policy.

To the Indian people, the only
civilised thing to do is to live
with those with whom they
disagree in a spirit of peaceful
co-existence. Co-existence is
one of the principles incor-
porated in their belief. The
others are respect for the
territorial and integral sov-
ereignty of others; non-aggression;
non-interference in the internal
affairs of others; and the
recognition of the equality of
others.

A Thorn

IT is the application of
these principles to her
foreign policy that ex-
plains India's feeling to-
wards "colonialism" the con-
stant harping on which has for
some time been a thorn in
Anglo-Indian relations.

Private remonstrances with
Mr. Nehru at the highest level
have had no effect. He goes on
firing anti-colonial broadsides,
which often fall wide of the
mark. They are often directed
at South Africa, whose relations
with India have become in-
creasingly bitter. But they just
as often hit at Britain's colonial
policies.

There have been pinpricks,
too. In the early stages of the
Mau Mau campaign, certain
Indian quarters encouraged the
terrorists.

What has riled British
opinion, however, is not so
much the Indian obsession with
"colonialism"—which is recog-
nized to be genuine, if misguided
—but the fact that Mr. Nehru
lectures Britain in public like a
naughty schoolboy. To the
British people, this seems
hypocritical in the extreme
when they ponder India's
behaviour towards Pakistan over
Kashmir—the more so when
they recall how often Mr.
Nehru has flouted the United
Nations on this issue.

Party Politics

ALL these things, then, have
created a wide area of dis-
agreement between Britain and
India. Between Britain and
Pakistan, there are not the
same divergencies of view.
Relations have been warmer,
understanding greater, although
Pakistan have been dis-
appointed that British sympathy
and support over Kashmir have
not been more apparent.

On the Suez crisis, however,
Nehru has to be taken into
account. He is a Muslim country.
There is little doubt that if, to-
day, a popular vote could be
taken, "undivided" by the
political leaders, Pakistan would
opt to quit the Commonwealth.
But Nehru, who is not
Muslim, is likely to have in

their resignation. They will
stay in, not out of love or
loyalty to Britain, but for the
good reason that it does not
suit them to get out.

Mr. Nehru knows full well
the value of the Commonwealth
connection. He realizes that
he carries much more weight in
the councils of the world when
he speaks as a Prime Minister
in the Commonwealth than he
would otherwise do. This means

something to India as a country.
It means something, too, to Mr.
Nehru, whose modest exterior
conceals an immoderate streak
of vanity.

And what goes for India goes
for Pakistan, and even more for
Mr. Bandaranaike and Ceylon.
If these countries are concerned
to justify their action to critics
who would like to leave the
Commonwealth, they will say
that Sir Anthony Eden has not
acted—or spoken—for Britain
as a whole, but only for the
Conservative half.

In short, we are now likely
to see Commonwealth relations
become more and more a matter
of party politics in Britain.

'ATTRACTIVE GIRLS NEED NOT BE DUMB'

Miss B. Catches Up On 400 Years Of Male Talk

By **LISA MOYNIHAN**

A COUPLE of under-
graduates did a quick
double-take as a slim,
brown-haired girl in a tight
skirt and high-heeled shoes
slid gracefully from her
bicycle in Falcon Yard,
Cambridge. I had arranged
to meet the new president
of the one-and-a-half-year-
old University Women's
Union outside their pre-
mises, next door to a fish
shop.

I had expected, perhaps, not a
blue stocking, but certainly not
anyone as attractively nylon-
clad as Dinah Burford.

"Sorry about the fish smells,"
she said, as she led the way up
a dark staircase to the second
floor.

"Actually, it's been useful in a
way. We got £200 a year
knocked off the rent because of
it."

VERY LITTLE

In the 100-foot-long hall,
acquired early this year, two
Gloria girls were sweeping up
the cigarette butts and debris
of the Coming Up Dance.
Brown paper covered one of the
millioned windows.

"Rugger types," said Dinah,
with a flash of her grey-green
eyes. "But they won't own up."
We sat near a notice board
announcing the first of the three
big debates of the term. (Mrs.
Gerald Lodge for the motion
"That this House prefers col-
lusion to the footlights.") And
got down to the oldest of all
debating points, men v. women.

To the 21-year-old historian from
New Hall—who speaks three
languages, roams Europe in
vacations in a fast car and
rather inconspicuously collects cut
glass—came to the point at
once.

"Men are awfully good at
saying very little in a witty
way at their own debates here.
But they've got 400 years of
male talk behind them."
The main speakers are rarely
opponents, but that practice
for hours beforehand in their
of a mirror. We arrived, trying

to compete with them. But we
admire their poise."

The Women's Union has
already grown from a mem-
bership of 125 to an estimated 300
—half the women undergradu-
ates. And Dinah, who helped to
gain her place from the actress
and specialist in speech train-
ing, Miss Hilda Bayley, is hav-
ing her down this term to coach
the girls.

"We're trying to get the idea
around that there's nothing
unfeminine about standing up
to talk. With 15 men to every
woman under-graduate, an at-
tention girl could spend every
night of the week at parties.
We're aiming to attract the less
studious type through our social
activities — fortnightly dances,
morning coffee, light lunches,
and informal debates in which
men can join."

One of the most popular
debates to date was on the
motion "That the female of the
species is more deadly than the
male." "It was a little unfair,"
said Dinah, with a reminiscent
smile, "that two of the dearest
of Cambridge males were sup-
porting the motion."

Unlike most female debaters
who take opposite sides of the
House of Commons, Dinah be-
lieves that how you say it can
be more important than what
you say. At the inaugural debate
—the one at which a male
speaker said: "Blue stockings
will be ladder with excite-
ment throughout Europe" — she
eloquently opposed the motion
"That woman's place is in this
House."

"IT'S UP TO THEM"
So successfully she's gone
counter to her own arguments
that she has recently been asked
for tips on running a union by
the women of Oxford. "I
answered a page, and a half of
detailed questions," said Dinah,
contemplating her well-varnished
fingernails. "Now it's up to
them."

More significantly she is per-
suading the deadly male that an
attractive girl need not be dumb.
But for the final word, I
sought out Dinah's opposite
number, Kenneth Post, president
of the Union.

"I've heard a lot lately about
Paratroops... Do you know
how they train? ... This article
takes you to an airport where

"ALL right? Go!" A
smart tap on the
back, and the young man
vanishes, jumping into
space through a small door
in the side of a balloon car
suspended 800 feet up.

He wasn't alone in the
balloon car. There is the
"dispatcher," and one more
man waiting to jump—and
me.

Below us the world swings
crazily. The most important
thing in my life at this moment
seems to be the balloon above
the car in which I am standing.
For it is the only thing which
prevents the dispatcher, and
the man waiting to jump, and
myself, from plunging 800 feet
to the airport below.

Why am I up here? I have
come to see how the men of a
rather special branch of Britain's
Territorial Army spend their
Saturday afternoons and even-
ings—the Paratroops.

I arrived at the airport well
before the jumping was due to
begin, because I wanted to get a
few facts and figures.

"We are expecting anything up
to a hundred men this after-
noon," he said.

I asked him whether para-
troops are really paid a bonus
for jumping.

"The Territorial Army men
get £1 a jump for their first
three jumps in a year, and ten
shillings each for their next
four jumps," he explained.

He also told me that para-
chutes rarely tear their para-
chutes won't open.

"And if they are frightened,
that fear has usually been
brought on by some such cir-
cumstance as a 'hangover' from
too much beer the night before
we had to wait."

I was told stories of men who
have "hibbed" (refused to jump),
and another about a man whose
chute became wrapped around
the balloon cable. He lived,
however.

The men jump from the sheer
joy of it, and only very few for
the bonus money.

Into Space

FINALLY we were allowed
to go. A last in-
spection, then "left turn and
follow me," and we were
in the balloon car. It has a
wooden floor, canvas sides, and
a couple of rails to hang on to.
Two men jumping 800 feet
calls the dispatcher to the winch
operator. He repeats the order,
and our static lines booked up
mine only "in case of accidents"
—we are off.

The ground drops rapidly
away and my ears ring. Every-
thing seems very insecure, and
the floor slopes steeply towards
the exit door.

The first man to jump is in
position. He shuts his eyes and
clenches his fists.

"All right? Go!"
The dispatcher taps him on
the back and the man steps into
space.

Phyll His chute opens 140
feet below us. In about forty
seconds, the dispatcher informs
me, "he will be on the ground."
And from what I have seen,
he will soon be waiting, im-
patiently for his next turn to go
up—and to come down again.

"Cornflakes taste
so much better with brown sugar
on, Mummy"



It makes all
the difference

TAIKOO
SOFT BROWN
SUGAR

BY THE WAY

by Beachcomber

THERE will shortly come at the market a lie-detecting machine which will detect lies told by lie-detectors which have been tampered with by politicians.

Anybody who tries to tamper with the new super-detector, which is a small, hand-held, chrome-plated, will get his fingers caught in a steel trap.

Marginal note

THE Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to English Motor Cars is pressing for a change in the law of libel. A man who calls an English car a rude name should be brought to court. If he could be got there before the representatives of the motor industry force him to pieces.

THE SKI'S TIE LIMIT

3 DAYS FOR 51 GUINSEES AT THE PENSION BELLA VISTA BADEN-NEUBACH

In passing

THE gloomy annual report of the Arts Council implies that it will be a long time before every village will have opera and ballet. The Council is short of money, and as the "cultural appetites" of most people is for panel games, weather reports, and African swamp-music, larger and larger sums will be needed to woo them from these intoxicating delights. Perhaps something might be done by hanging cheap reproductions of "The Laughing Cavalier" above the dart-board in village inns.

Diary for 1957

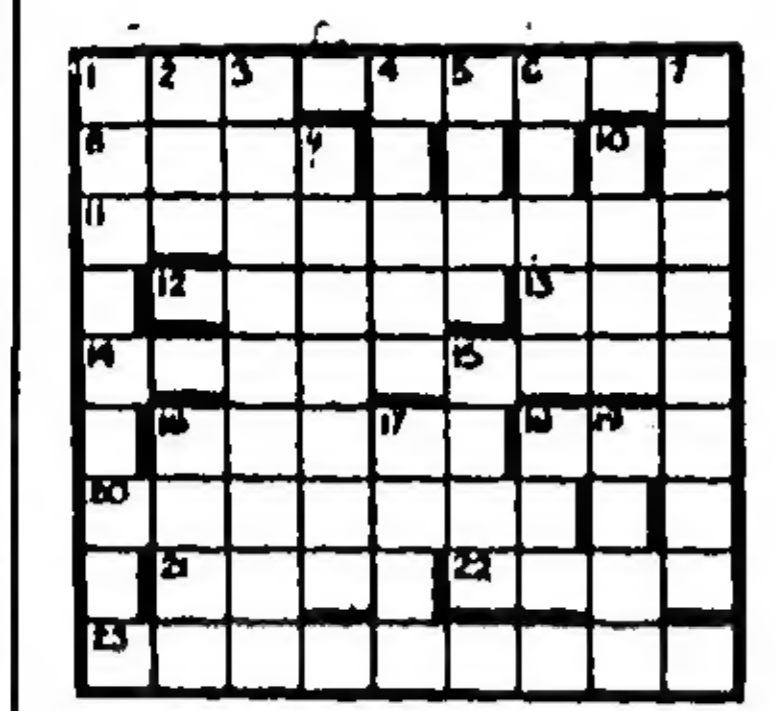
March 4: Central London closed to traffic for the arrival of a virtuoso who plays the cello with a stick of dynamite.

March 5: Owing to an indiscretion, the Government policy on Cyprus leaks out.

March 8: Hyde Park and Kensington Gardens to be con-

verted into a car park, while the bridge over the Round Pond and the tunnel under the Serpentine are being constructed.

CROSSWORD



Across
1. This motorist was subject of famous painting (10)
2. A winter time (4)
3. German rearrangement for Nazis (10)
4. There's no use around when this is clear (5)
5. Family one is a pleasant bird (10)
6. It's noted for spurs and pudding (10)
7. Not so new (10)
8. Inmate (10)
9. The kind of stone that doesn't get green (7)
10. A woman's name (10)
11. A woman's name (10)
12. They pass the lead for the P.M.O. (4-6)
Down
1. The farmers may judge their profits by the success of this (10)
2. A winter time (4)
3. Beer goes out nowadays (10)
4. All of London (10)
5. A winter time (4)
6. Their difference (10)
7. Plaster (10)
8. A word for excellent at this time (10)
9. There's a lot of mystery about this area of the Earth (10)
10. North East, north east (10)
11. A river here (10)
12. A sign of wartime indifference (10)
13. One of the (10)
14. A word for excellent at this time (10)
15. A word for excellent at this time (10)
16. A word for excellent at this time (10)
17. A word for excellent at this time (10)
18. A word for excellent at this time (10)
19. A word for excellent at this time (10)
20. A word for excellent at this time (10)
21. A word for excellent at this time (10)
22. A word for excellent at this time (10)
23. A word for excellent at this time (10)

JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Double Enables South To Win

By OSWALD JACOBY

EAST might have defeated four hearts if he had kept quiet, but his double gave away vital information.

West properly opened a diamond, and East won the first two tricks with high diamonds. When East then returned a small diamond, South ruffed with the ace of hearts to make sure of shutting West out.

There were still two established diamonds in the dummy, and South knew that he could draw trumps and discard two spades on these good diamonds. Except for the double, South would have tried this line of play, after which he would lead a spade toward dummy's king in the hope of finding the ace of spades in the West hand.

The double warned South that he could not expect to find the ace of spades in a favorable position. Hence he had to look for a different way to make his contract.

Because South had to find a way to discard three spades, he

NORTH		1
♠ K 4	♥ Q 9 2	
♦ K J 10 9 5	♣ K 8 5	
WEST		EAST
♠ Q 10 3	♥ A 9 8 2	
♦ 8 5 3	♣ 8 7	
♠ 2	♥ A Q 7 4	
♦ 10 9 8 4 3	♣ Q 7 2	
SOUTH (D)		
♠ J 8 7 5	♥ A K J 10 4	
♦ 6 3	♣ A J	
North-South vul.		
South West North East		
1♥ Pass 2♦ Pass		
2♥ Pass 3♥ Pass		
3♥ Pass Pass Double		
Opening lead—♦ 8		

had to obtain a discard on dummy's king of clubs. This plan, dictated by the double of four hearts, worked out favorably for South.

Declarer drew two rounds of trumps with the king and nine, flushed the jack of clubs, cashed the ace of clubs, and got back by dummy with the queen of clubs. This drew the last trump held by the defenders, and declarer was in position to discard losing spades on dummy's two good diamonds and on the king of clubs. This assured the doubled contract.

WORD SENSE

Q—You are the dealer with the following hand:
♠ J 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2
♥ A 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2
♦ A 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2
♣ A 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2
What do you do?
A—Bid one no-trump. If partner has a major suit fit, he will use the Stayman Convention.

TODAY'S QUESTION

You are the dealer again, holding:
♠ K J 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2
♥ A 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2
♦ A 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2
♣ A 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2
What do you do?

Answer Tomorrow

TARGET

S	U	M
E	I	R
I	P	O

How many words of four letters or more can you make from the letters in the squares on the board? In each of the small squares may be used only once. Back words must contain the large letter in the center square, and there must be at least one letter in the list. No plurals, no foreign words, no proper nouns.

TODAY'S TARGET: 20 words. Yesterday's solution: Any four-letter word containing the letters S, U, M, E, I, R, I, P, O.

Answers to yesterday's puzzle: Any four-letter word containing the letters S, U, M, E, I, R, I, P, O.

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WOMANSENSE



... TO STAY AT HOME

MADELEINE BRODIE, who was born in Indo-China, looks to the East for this stay-at-home outfit with a sumptuous air. For an evening's viewing, or informal entertaining, she wears narrow trousers in gold Lurex teamed with a boned, strapless top and draught-defying bolero in rich scarlet velvet. The harem slippers with upturned toes are in matching gold and scarlet.

(London Express Service)

It's The Child's Privilege To Refuse Your Requests

By GARRY C. MYERS, Ph.D.

IN these days, when young mothers hear and read so much conflicting advice on raising children, some of them may become confused. Also, it worries them to find their children are getting out of hand.

A Canadian mother of two boys, aged five and three, writes about her oldest son: "My problem is to get B to do what he is told to do. He comes when he is called and I praise him for it, but there are times when he pouts and regards me with a violent look in his eyes."

"Occasionally, the boy threatens to 'shoot me or kill me in some imaginary way.' She cites one instance at a Sunday school picnic when he refused to participate in the games to sing or take his place in line in the Sunday school class which she teaches.

"If I ask him, 'Will you do this for Mommy, please?' he says 'No.' What can I do then? As a last resort, we have started to

shout commands to make him obey."

She thinks he shows but very little jealousy toward the younger boy. She says he has been taught the meaning of No and has had chair-sitting punishment but wonders if this should be discontinued now.

This boy's refusal to co-operate at the picnic and in Sunday school would hardly be changed by punishment or shouting, though he might profit from chair-sitting for not falling in line with the group.

When you ask him if he will do something and he says No, he has not disobeyed. You have not given a command but have made a request. Therefore, you have no reason to be angry with him. By your question, you indicated that he might choose, and he did.

Neither should you punish him for showing violence. But

when he says, "I'll shoot you" or "I'll kill you," he is attacking you with verbal violence. At such times, turn him across your knee quickly and give him a few lousy smacks. If your bare hand doesn't do the trick, use a paddle or a strap.

For less serious offenses, chair-sitting for 25 minutes should be effective.

Apparently he has not yet learned the real meaning of No. At his age, he should be made to do a few things you tell him to do, especially routine tasks. But most of the time, you should command, and therefore punish him only for disobedience related to forbidden acts which you can easily check without exception.

Try to win him to comply with your specific wishes. You and Dad should try to have more good times with him, making things with him, doing things with him, reading to him. Try hard to make him feel that he is as important as his little brother.

Knarf thought: "Salt certainly knows how to order people around."

"Where can I find tools?" Knarf asked Salt.

Salt said: "There they are! Look right by the side of that plate!"

Knarf looked: "All I see is a knife and a fork and a spoon, Salt," he said.

"Get that fork," said Salt. "Put it under Pepper. Do as I

say!" There now, show some lift!"

Knarf dragged over the fork and got the pronged end under the pepper shaker. The hand of the fork stood up in the air!

"Now lean on the handle!" cried Salt. "Lean on it hard! Harder!"

Knarf pushed down as hard as he could. "Ugh!" he went "Ugh!" Still he couldn't make the pepper shaker move back.

More Weight Needed

"That's no way to do things," said Salt. "Can't you see that you've got to have some more weight on the handle of that fork? Go fetch the knife and spoon! Put them on top of the handle. Then push down."

Knarf did as Salt directed. When he pushed this time the handle of the fork went down the pronged end rose up and Pepper, Mustard and Vinegar all were pushed back.

"That's better," said Salt, as he looked over at Pepper, Mustard and Vinegar. "Now you fellows are all standing on your own feet and not on mine, Make

sure you don't lean on me again. I don't want to go spilling all over the tablecloth."

"Thanks, young man," he said to Knarf in a very offhand way. "You're welcome!" said Knarf. He was just about to walk away when Salt called after him.

"Here—wait a minute! Get that knife, fork and spoon back in their places again."

Knarf did.

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DON'T HOARD 'TREASURES'

By ELEANOR ROSS

WE heard a touching story the other day about a young homemaker, the mother of four small children.

Like most young mothers, she was thrifty and tried to run her household in an economical way. She didn't use her wedding presents—beautiful china, silver, lovely linens, monogrammed sheets—very often, but saved them for important occasions.

As it is with so many of us, these occasions seldom happened.

Meantime she made use of the so-called indestructible furnishings and many makeshifts. Even Sunday dinner found the table settings just adequate and not much different from those used every day.

Then illness struck her down.

After she had recovered, and the family was happily reunited, she felt the event called for a celebration. This time, out came all the lovely tableware, linens, the silver fruit bowl, the centerpiece. What a picture they made! And how astonished the youngest child was because, in all his four years, he had never seen so much beauty!

RARE OCCASION

The young mother decided then and there that she would never again save her beautiful household things for rare occasions. She suddenly realized that there was nothing in all this world as important as her own family, that every meal with them all seated at the table was an occasion—a rare and important one.

Out to stay came the prettiest china, silver, linens and sheets. They became part of that family's regular daily living and are helping the children to grow up graciously.

We certainly agree with that homemaker's decision. We all have but one lifetime to live, one lifetime in which to enjoy as much grace and beauty as the home can provide.

And the nice thing about it all is that using one's best possessions is the very best way to take care of them.

Any silversmith, any weaver of fine linens, will say, "Use them! Enjoy them! That's what they were made for!" And it's true.

You're afraid, perhaps, of having the children nick the best silver? Well, did you know that the tiny nicks and

scratches on fine silver give it its most satisfying patina and make it more beautiful by far than pieces that are hardly ever used?

Silver that's in regular use needs only washing with soap or detergent suds—hot suds are best—to keep it looking wonderful. And really good linens look better if they are laundered often.

See how much beauty and gracious living you can provide, not just for parties but for day in and day out living.

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Kraut and Ham Cutlets is another hearty dish. To serve 4-6, have 3 ham slices ¼ in. thick and cut slices in halves. Cook over low heat until lightly browned on both sides, about 10 to 15 min.

Arrange ham on an 8x12x2-in. baking pan. Top with (1 lb. 3 oz.) 1½ sauerkraut drained. Sprinkle with ¼ c. firmly packed brown sugar and 3 tsp. fine, dry bread crumbs. Bake at 350°F. 25 to 40 min.

Melt 3 tsp. butter. Add 3 medium-sized apples that have been cored and sliced and sauté until lightly browned, about 5 to 7 min.

Drain on absorbent paper. Serve with ham and kraut. Try a tasty sparerib bake for a change.

To serve 6, drain a (1 lb. 3 oz.) 1½ sauerkraut drained. Sprinkle with 2½ c. sliced apples, 1 c. chopped celery, a chopped, medium-sized onion and 2 tsp. brown sugar. Mix well.

Have 3 lbs. spareribs cut in serving pieces and place half of ribs on rack in shallow baking pan. Top with the sauerkraut mixture. Arrange remaining ribs over kraut and sprinkle with salt and pepper to taste.

Bake at 350°F. for 1½ to 2 hrs. or until ribs are tender.

Household Hints

Don't give a puppy a bath until the animal is past the three-month stage. Up to that time, a good daily brushing will keep him reasonably odor-free.

Exercise care and patience during your dog's first bath. See that the suds don't bother him around his face. Stuff his ears with cotton wads to protect them from water.

Don't forget a bathing suit needs a good washing after it has been in salt water and on the sand.

If lipstick stains your linens, use bleach or hydrogen peroxide to remove it. If the stain is on unwashable material, sponge it with cleaning fluid.

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YOUR BIRTHDAY

by STELLA

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 23

BORN today, you are a natural leader in the field of action in ideas. You have a rather precise military mind and probably would do best in some career which calls for formulating and giving orders. You are a stickler for discipline and order. It is likely that one of the military services would offer you a rewarding career. Since you are a magnetic and pleasing personality, it is possible that you might, at some time in your life, become interested in politics. Here, again, if allowed to have your own way about things, you might reach exceptional success.

If all this appears to make you a rather stern, unbending individual, then there is a great deal of truth in the assumption. You probably need to learn a little more kindness and general consideration for those who may not be as thoroughly self-disciplined as yourself. You are, indeed, a harsh taskmaster. But if there is an important job to be done, you can be depended upon to do it with precision and dispatch.

In your relations with others, you seldom display your affections. You seem to have a fear of being demonstrative and will lean over backwards so as not to show your true feelings. Your love of nature is, indeed, warm and your loyalties are strong. Yet, the one you love may never discover from you the true depth of your love except through living a lifetime of happiness in your company.

Among those born on this date were Sir Gilbert Parker, statesman and author; Robert Kanelson, reformer; Franklin Pierce, U.S. President; Guy Boston, playwright; Samuel Locke, educator; and Victor Jory, actor.

To find what the stars have in store for you tomorrow, select your birthday star and read the corresponding paragraph. Let your birthday star be your daily guide.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 24

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22)—He alert and you can benefit from the day's kind intention. You may find that some aspects are emphasized.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 23-Jan. 20)—Promote a new idea with the boss and you may find that you are in line for a promotion in the near future.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—Your marriage partner may want you to join in community event which will bring pleasure to both of you.

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 20)—A fortunate day if you are in the mood. Combining affairs of the heart with business and career interests is also possible.

ARIES (Mar. 21-Apr. 20)—Make the most of the holiday which seems to be acting the holiday mood for you and your romantic interest. Have fun.

TAURUS (Apr. 21-May 21)—Cultural and artistic efforts will be well-rewarded now. Take good care of your health, for that is of utmost importance.

GEMINI (May 22-June 22)—A fine day to do that shopping for

the house. Consult local advertisements for some advantageous sales.

CANCER (June 23-July 23)—Being a little adventurous in business today can bring you better than average results. Stars are smiling.

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)—Things that mean a great deal to you, either in the romantic, domestic or career areas, should develop to your advantage.

VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 23)—One of your good months this year is drawing to a close. Be sure that you have taken full advantage of opportunities.

LIBRA (Sept. 24-Oct. 23)—This is a day for entertainment, romance and social aspects. Entertain friends in your own home perhaps. Enjoy yourself.

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 23)—All your usual activities for this particular day of the week are favored. Perhaps, however, the social aspects predominate.

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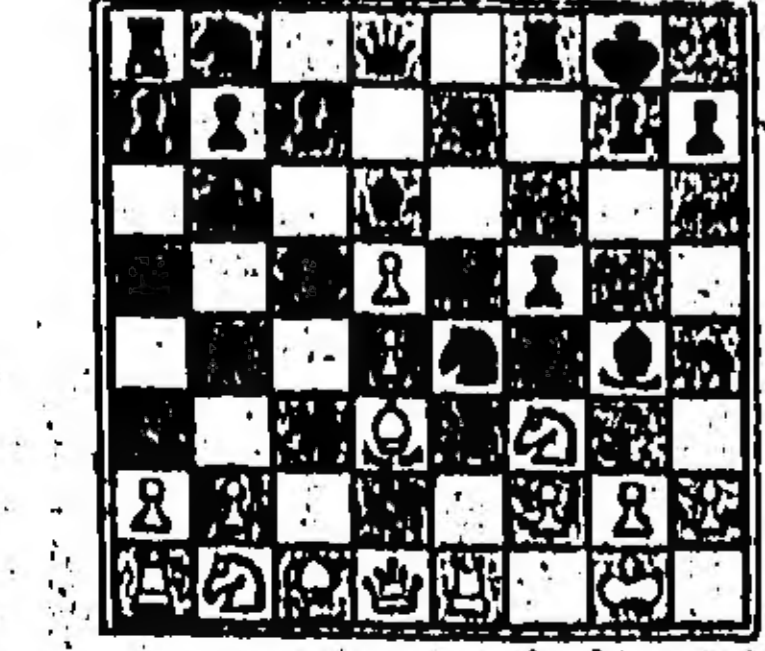
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CHESS

by LEONARD BARDEN



A famous opening trap: Black to move and win material.

Solution to yesterday's problem: 1. RXP (waiting)—opening by the rook.

This Funny World

Tomorrow's Chances At The Valley

By "RAPIER"

Race day will be round again tomorrow, it being the first day of the Hongkong Jockey Club's two-day Fourth Race Meeting with a programme consisting of eight events, with the two sections of the Brighton Handicap for Class 4 ponies as the main attraction.

The First Saddling Bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m. and the opening event is scheduled for 2 p.m. The Meeting continues on Saturday, December 1, when there will also be eight races with the main event being the St Andrew's Stakes over the two-mile post for Class 5 ponies.

Followers of Chun Kit will regret to learn that he is in hospital after an operation for appendicitis on Tuesday and will not be able to ride in the next few meetings.

Here are my estimates of the chances.

FIRST RACE

(Powersdown Handicap (First Section) - One Mile.)

The opening race of the day is confined to Class 7 ponies to be ridden by riders who have not won ten races anywhere at any time.

Dutch Courage is coming up to winning a race and should help novice jockey Lai Chai-fai to add up another win to his credit.

For Success (C. E. Hale), Gay Sire (Allan Chan), Orange Beauty (Edw. M. K.), and Lombard (M. J. Pridham) have shown much in morning gallops and should provide a spirited challenge for previous winners in the opening of the two-day race meeting.

SECOND RACE

(Powersdown Handicap (First Section) - One Mile.)

It does not seem that any punter will have much trouble in making the most of this race as one remembers the easy manner in which Tumbleweed (Lai Chai-fai) led the field the last time out over the two-mile post, only to be beaten in the last 100 yards by Full-of-Spirit and Corley.

Judging from that performance, Tumbleweed (K. Kwok) will have practically everything by its own way, though Full-of-Spirit (T. H. Yau) has been doing well in morning gallops. Curley (M. A. C. Roza) has been knocking at the door for luck at the start and could bring home the first prize.

An excellent outsider for this event is Snowy (H. K. Chuang).

THIRD RACE

(Powersdown Handicap (First Section) - Six Furlongs.)

Hawaiian Moon (H. K. Hung) certainly disappointed the last time out, but should make amends in this six-furlong sprint despite being matched against such speedsters as Hammer Mill (A. Travers), Emperor Delight (C. F. Ng), Attractive Power (M. Samarc), and Sultan (Robert Tsai).

However, the draw for positions will play an important role in deciding the eventual winner and may one of the above mentioned ponies could lead the way home without unduly exerting itself should it get off to a flying start from a good position.

FOURTH RACE

(Brighton Handicap (First Section) - One Mile.)

With champion jockey K. Kwok at the pilot, it is difficult to foresee any other pony but

Caesar passing the winning post first.

Fenchurch (M. J. Pridham) is rounding into form very nicely and perhaps it will reacquaint itself with the judges. Flaming Wheel (A. Ostroumoff) and Hylamon (Robert Tsai) are two ponies which are maintaining top form, while Emerald (C. L. Liu) has not any of its fitness since placing third on the second day of the First Race Meeting.

FIFTH RACE

(Powersdown Handicap (First Section) - Six Furlongs.)

Class A 1956 ponies will contest this event and among the entries which have impressed during morning gallops are Princess Ellen (H. K. Hung), Easy Win (Robert Tsai), Amethyst (A. Ostroumoff), and Oscar Prize (H. H. Chan).

The first-named pony is about the fittest of the four and over the distance ought to be able to outlast the opposition. Easy Win's chances are slightly hampered by top weight, while Amethyst could win with a little luck.

For an outsider, I would take Oscar Prize.

SIXTH RACE

(Powersdown Handicap (Second Section) - One Mile.)

The four ponies which will probably catch the judge's eye in this race are Advancement (C. F. Ng), Not So Bad (W. M. Chan), Cornhill (M. J. Pridham), and The Kangaroo (Albert Lam).

I like the way Advancement has been going during its training gallops and if it maintains that form it should have a good chance of winning here, but Not So Bad is not to be discounted as this pony can move and the distance is more to its liking.

Cornhill and The Kangaroo are good over this distance and will be near at the finish.

SEVENTH RACE

(Powersdown Handicap (Second Section) - Six Furlongs.)

Flying Dutchman, with M. Samarc up, is the logical choice for this abbreviated sprint, but Good Girl (H. K. Chuang) will be there or thereabouts at the finish.

Silver Dahlia is another noted speedster and it could cause an upset with a good start.

Fel Chi (H. M. Botelho) is good as an outsider.

EIGHTH RACE

(Brighton Handicap (Second Section) - One Mile.)

The last event of the day will see a full field of 13 entries. There are many likely winners but I favour Supreme Command (Chan Foo) to take the major prize with Old Tyre (H. K. Hung) and All Gay (E. S. Wong) fighting out the second and third positions.

A pony which could cause an upset is Mercury (K. Kwok), and Huntington (P. Plumby) is by no means out of the race.

Three Changes In Rhodesian XI

Livingstone, Rhodesia, Nov. 22.

The MCC touring team will fly to Salisbury today to prepare for their return match against Rhodesia, starting on Friday.

Rhodesia have made three changes in their team which, earlier this week, lost to the MCC.

They have dropped J. Baldwin, the opening batsman, P. Winslow, and G. Wooler, bringing in Guy Barber, an all-rounder, Marshall Davies, an experienced left hand bat, and Colin Bland, a schoolboy batsman, aged 18, who fielded brilliantly as substitute at Bulawayo.

The team will be: D. Lewis, D. O'Connell, Jones, G. Barber, C. Duckworth, C. Land, M. Davies, P. Mansell, R. Coventry, Darnell, H. Paton and G. Lawrence, with D. Leather as twelfth man. — Reuter.

Cut this out and take it to the races tomorrow for your guidance

Probable Starters, Weights & Riders

Probable starters, weights and riders for tomorrow's Happy Valley race meeting are given below. This list is based on the most up-to-date information available. As an additional guide to form, the placings of the ponies in their last three starts will be found on the left hand side of their names.

2.00 p.m. Race 1 PROUDTOWN HANDICAP (1st Section), 1 Mile, Class 7.

224 Dutch Courage (Chew) 153 lbs. C. F. Lai.
100 Day Sire (Krasnopereff) 147 lbs. Allan Chan.
240 Free Success (Chang) 143 lbs. Hui.
004 Orange Beauty (Sofronoff) 143 lbs. Edwin Mok.

432 Easy Blam (McIntyre) 140 lbs. Yau.
200 New Love (Krasnopereff) 138 lbs. Allan Chan.
020 Marine Charger (Lam) 137 lbs. Robert Luk.
440 Armament (Shiu) 135 lbs. Joseph Lam.

Possible Acceptors: Our Pride, Fenchurch, Lombard, Ma Chai, Canada, 5 lbs. Allowance For Maiden Novice.

2.30 p.m. Race 2 POWERTOWN HANDICAP (1st Section), 1 Mile, Class 8.

31 Full-of-Spirit (Lam) 150 lbs. Yau.
001 Blonnie (Sofronoff) 150 lbs. C. W. Wong.
042 Curley (Belokopoff) 150 lbs. Robert Luk.
003 My Pal (Lum) 149 lbs. Tsai.
000 Snowy (Noodi) 140 lbs. Chung.

233 Tumbleweed (McIntyre) 140 lbs. K. Kwok.
000 Sky Horse (Pereboff) 144 lbs. Allan Chan.
000 No Nier (Sofronoff) 140 lbs. L. L. Liu.
200 Dreadnought (Rodney) 140 lbs. L. L. Liu.

000 Valbridge (Rodney) 135 lbs. Andrew Lam.
Possible Acceptors: Pot O'Gold, Fortuna.

3.00 p.m. Race 3 FOLKESTON HANDICAP (1st Section), 6 Furlongs, Class 7.

221 Hammer Mill (Tokmoko) 150 lbs. Travers.
012 Hawaiian Moon (Noodi) 151 lbs. Hung.
000 Perfectibility (Pereboff) 151 lbs. Hung.
010 Emperor Delight (Noodi) 152 lbs. C. L. Liu.
200 Beloved (Tokmoko) 141 lbs. Holman.

400 French Bean (Belokopoff) 140 lbs. C. F. Lai.
000 Peachum (Krasnopereff) 140 lbs. Holman.
000 Straight Flush (McIntyre) 140 lbs. K. Kwok.

004 Attractive Power (Liu) 142 lbs. Samarc.
001 Malinal II (Rodney) 142 lbs. Andrew Lam.
400 Malsider (Sofronoff) 137 lbs. Tsai.
000 Marianne (A. S. Wong) 130 lbs. Liang Pao Kwei.

030 Sultan (S. H. Wong) 135 lbs. Tsai.

3.30 p.m. Race 4 BRIGHTON HANDICAP (1st Section), 1 Mile, Class 4.

002 Beautiful Lie (A. S. Wong) 150 lbs. W. M. Chan.
341 Fenchurch (Pridham) 154 lbs. Hung.
000 Diamond Dahlia (Pereboff) 140 lbs. E. S. Wong.
000 Empire Rose (Rodney) 140 lbs. Plumby.
000 Beautiful Phoenix (Sofronoff) 140 lbs. Hung.

000 Emerald (Chang) 140 lbs. C. L. Liu.
022 Flaming Wheel (Krasnopereff) 140 lbs. Ostroumoff.
000 Bright Day (Lum) 141 lbs. Chung.

204 Fieldmaster (Shiu) 141 lbs. Samarc.
000 Hylamon (S. H. Wong) 139 lbs. Tsai.
301 Caesar (Tokmoko) 138 lbs. Kwok.

200 Same Again (Rodney) 125 lbs. Andrew Lam.

Possible Acceptors: Ping On, Hallmark.

4.00 p.m. Race 5 LEOPARDSTOWN HANDICAP (2nd Section), 6 Furlongs, Class A.

410 Easy Win (Noodi) 150 lbs. Tsai.
123 Oscar Prize (Shiu) 150 lbs. H. H. Chan.
021 Princess Ellen (Noodi) 150 lbs. Chung.
001 Pandora (Pereboff) 150 lbs. R. F. Chiu.
010 After Dark (Tokmoko) 150 lbs. Holman.

034 Distant Sky (Lum) 150 lbs. Yau.
100 Olwy (S. H. Wong) 150 lbs. Albert Lam.
220 Aladdin (Krasnopereff) 149 lbs. Plumby.

003 Constellation (Noodi) 140 lbs. Hung.
000 Good Condition (Lum) 140 lbs. Tsai.
000 Ann Cook (Lum) 140 lbs. C. F. Lai.

304 Dutch Rocket (Chew) 140 lbs. C. F. Lai.

004 Good News (Rodney) 150 lbs. Samarc.

000 Calypso (Rodney) 150 lbs. Andrew Lam.

004 Ever-lo (Tokmoko) 150 lbs. Kwok.

003 Amethyst (Krasnopereff) 150 lbs. Allan Chan.

000 Man On (Sofronoff) 150 lbs. Hui.

Possible Acceptors: Winnie.

1.30 p.m. Race 6 POWERTOWN HANDICAP (1st Section), 1 Mile, Class 8.

120 May Blossom (Noodi) 150 lbs. Samarc.

130 Thanksgiving Day (S. H. Wong) 150 lbs. Tsai.

004 Diamond Queen (Lum) 153 lbs. Tsai.

300 Hiawatha (Rodney) 151 lbs. Plumby.

004 The Kangaroo (McIntyre) 151 lbs. Albert Lam.

003 Advancement (Lum) 150 lbs. P. H.

000 Cornhill (McIntyre) 140 lbs. Samarc.

020 Straitjacket (Rodney) 140 lbs. Plumby.

240 Not So Bad (Lum) 147 lbs. W. M. Chan.

200 Tamerlane (Sofronoff) 147 lbs. Chung.

000 Anniversary 10 (Lum) 144 lbs. Chung.

000 Orange King (Sofronoff) 143 lbs. Hung.

000 No Nier (Chew) 141 lbs. K. T. Lam.

5.00 p.m. Race 7 FOLKESTON HANDICAP (2nd Section), 6 Furlongs, Class 7.

201 Atomic Charge (Noodi) 150 lbs. Hung.

001 Comet (Pereboff) 150 lbs. Samarc.

043 Fel Chi (Krasnopereff) 150 lbs. Botelho.

013 Good Girl (Lum) 150 lbs. Chung.

100 Rebel II (S. H. Wong) 150 lbs. Hung.

310 Inevitable (Rodney) 148 lbs. Andrew Lam.

002 Flying Dutchman (Chew) 147 lbs. Travers.

010 King Rider (Tokmoko) 143 lbs. Tsai.

Possible Acceptors: Checkup.

5.30 p.m. Race 8 BRIGHTON HANDICAP (2nd Section), 1 Mile, Class 4.

123 Mercury (McIntyre) 150 lbs. Kwok.

010 Supreme Command (Lum) 150 lbs. Samarc.

000 Huntington (Rodney) 149 lbs. Plumby.

000 Jip On (Sofronoff) 149 lbs. Tsai.

401 Giddup (Krasnopereff) 148 lbs. Botelho.

230 Icefield (Tokmoko) 148 lbs. Holman.

443 All Gay (Pereboff) 144 lbs. Hung.

200 Old Tyre (Sofronoff) 141 lbs. Hung.

300 Crackerjack (Sofronoff) 140 lbs. E. S. Wong.

400 Anna (Rodney) 139 lbs. Andrew Lam.

100 Apple Pie (S. H. Wong) 130 lbs. Tsai.

Possible Acceptors: Ecstasy.

* Jockey allowance to be claimed.

THE OLYMPIC GAMES

SURPRISING FAILURES IN ATHLETIC FIELD EVENTS

Grace Kelly's Brother Returns Fastest Time In The Single Sculls

There were some surprising failures in the Men's High Jump and the Women's Discus Throw as the qualifying rounds of these two events were held at the Melbourne Olympic Stadium this morning.

Among those eliminated in the High Jump at 6 feet 3 1/2 inches was Bengt Nilsson, the European record-holder at over 6 feet 11 inches. The qualifying rounds of the Women's Discus Throw were not survived by Japan's Toyoko Yoshino, highly regarded for a place in the first three, and by Mrs Suzanne Alday, who it was hoped would be Britain's first ever feminine thrower to place in an Olympic final.

America's John B. Kelly, brother of Princess Grace of Monaco, returned the fastest time of three heats in the Single Sculls when the Olympic Rowing events opened today at Ballarat, 75 miles from Melbourne.

Kelly, whose millionaire father won the Olympic sculling title 36 years ago at Antwerp, clocked seven minutes 24.8 seconds.

Next best was seven minutes 26.1 seconds made by Russia's 18-year-old European Champion, Vyacheslav Ivanov.

THREAT OF RAIN

The threat of rain hung over the second day of the Olympic Games today as competition opened for the first full day. Low clouds were sailing over the competition grounds and there was a bit of a drizzle.

A break in the clouds is expected, but there is the possibility of isolated showers during the day, the Commonwealth Weather Bureau announced.

The temperature at 8 a.m. Melbourne time (10 p.m. GMT) was 57, with a high of 70 expected.

Nina "Five Hats" Ponomareva got a big cheer from the crowd here today when she threw the discus 48.94 metres and qualified for the final this afternoon.

Her throw compared with the 51.42 metres with which she won the title at Helsinki in 1952.

Olga Filkova of Czechoslovakia came near to breaking a qualifying record with a throw of 50.77 metres (166 feet 6 3/4 inches).

Mrs Suzanne Alday of Britain narrowly failed to qualify. Her best throw was 41.45 metres. The qualifying standard was 42 metres.

The Hove girl threw well below her best. Although she holds the British record of 154 feet 3 inches, her best effort today was no more than 130 feet, which was less than two feet below the qualifying mark.

Nina, dressed in black woolen tights to keep out the cold, was making her first appearance on the ground as she missed yesterday's Opening Ceremony due to a leg injury.

The men's High Jump qualifying round was held simultaneously with the Women's Discus. About 30 jumpers started at 1.70 metres (five feet seven inches). All competitors cleared six feet three and a half inches will go forward to the final this afternoon.

DISCUS FINALISTS

The following qualified for the Women's Discus Throw final: Olga Filkova (Czechoslovakia) 50.77 metres, Nina Ponomareva (Soviet Union) 48.94 metres, Irina Baglayeva (Soviet Union) 47.05 metres, Jitka Voborilova (Czechoslovakia) 44.42 metres, Stepana Mertova (Czechoslovakia) 40.20 metres, Albina Elkina (Soviet Union) 43.90 metres, Earlene Brown (United States) 43.90 metres, Lila Manolila (Rumania) 43.87 metres, Isabella Avallara (Argentina) 43.60 metres, Marianna Werner (Germany) 43.41 metres, Paola Paternoster (Italy) 42.88 metres, Nadia Kotulskic (Yugoslavia) 42.45 metres and Lina Jackman (Australia) 42.21 metres.

Among the non-qualifiers, Almut Brommel of Germany had

two foul throws and did 33.47 metres on her only fair throw. Toyoko Yoshino, the left-handed Japanese girl, failed narrowly on her last throw with 40.01 metres. Her other two throws were 40.77 metres and 36.47 metres.

Indicative of the progress in world athletics standards, 13 women threw over 42 metres to qualify for the final throws. In the last Olympic Games only six competitors succeeded in beating this distance.

Mrs Alday said: "I was a little nervous, and my muscles tightened up. The first throw was a bit slippery, and I suppose that made a difference. I'm not pleased I have broken the ice now for the Shot Put."

Peter Wells, the lone British competitor in the High Jump, jumped well this morning and qualified for the final jumps this afternoon by clearing 1.92 metres (6 feet 3 1/2 inches) at his first attempt at this height. In the earlier jumps at lower heights he did not have a single failure.

NILSSON FAILS

Bengt Nilsson of Sweden, European Champion who was expected to be among the medalists, failed to qualify for the High Jump final. The blond Swede, who has cleared over 6 feet 11 inches in his career, failed to surpass 6 feet 3 1/2 inches due to a badly strained left leg.

Of the 20 competitors in the High Jump no fewer than 22 cleared the qualifying height to contest the afternoon's final.

Among the qualifiers were Julius Chigbolu of Nigeria, Yukio Ishikawa of Japan, O. Joseph of Kenya, Jose Telles da Conceicao of Brazil, Patrick Etoulu of Uganda, V. Gabriel of Nigeria and Nigerian 20th birthday boy, O'Reilly, the Irish entrant, did not take part.

Walter Herasens of Belgium did not take part in the High Jump event today as he was in hospital.

Herasens, who was to carry the Belgian flag at the parade of athletes yesterday suddenly felt bad. He was replaced as flag carrier and was taken to hospital with a bad cold.

Herasens had already been in bed several days after his arrival from Europe. Belgium held high hopes for him in the Hop, Step and Jump, in which event he has cleared 51 feet 10 1/2 inches.

ROWING

Ballarat, Nov. 23.

Olympic rowing competitions began here today with heats of the Four Ours with Cox. Italy won the first heat by over two lengths from the Soviet Union.

New Zealand was a poor third. The Italians took an early lead on the choppy 2,000-metre course and were never extended.

The first two in each heat advanced to the semi-final.

In the second heat Finland, the European Champions, were beaten into third place by Sweden and Denmark.

The Finns were hot favourites to take the heat and started with a one-length lead from Denmark. Shortly before the half-way mark Sweden had moved into second place and led the 1,000 metres mark overtook Finland.

The Swedes, striking smoothly, steadily increased their lead while the Finns fell back into third place, with Hungary fourth.

In the third heat the United States and Australia qualified.

for the semi-final in a bow to bow race for almost the full length of the course.

The judges awarded the Americans the race, but there were only inches between them.

The lead twice changed and both crews stepped up their rating about 400 metres from the finish, Brazil and Cuba were well behind.

PAIRS WITHOUT COX

New Zealand and Australia took the first two qualifying places in the first heat of the Pairs without Cox, with Italy third.

The German pair without cox won the second heat easily with Denmark second and Belgium a long way behind third.

The Danes struck trouble within the last 500 metres. They changed their rate of stroking three times within about 20 strokes. Less than 20 metres from the finish the Germans pulled well ahead.

The United States easily defeated the Soviet Union, European Champions, and Austria in the third heat of the pairs without cox.

The American pair, Jim Filer and Duval Hecht, of Stanford University, started off well and led by one length and a quarter from the Soviet Union and Austria at the 500-metre mark.

The Soviet pair, Igor Boudakov and Viktor Ivanov, challenged strongly and moved up within a third of a length, with the Austrians four lengths behind.

FINGLE SCULLS

The first heat of the Single Sculls was won in magnificent style by Vyacheslav Ivanov, the 18-year-old Russian who won the European Championship at Bled.

Perica Vlasic of Yugoslavia won the second heat in the Single Sculls convincingly from Klaus von Fernon of Germany, with Stefano Martinoli of Italy third.

Vlasic won his decisive lead in the last 500 metres. Martinoli moved up dangerously on the German, but von Fernon held his second place in a manner suggesting that he did not use his last ounce of energy in this first round.

Tony Fox of Britain was third to John Kelly of the United States and Tedor Kocerka of Poland in the third heat of the Single Sculls.

TRADE and COMMERCE SECTION

SHARES NEAR 1956 LOW

SLIGHT FALL DURING WEEK

STEADIER MARKET AT THE CLOSE

By A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

Up went the T/T end of the seessaw towards the end of this week and down came the Stock Exchange end. But at last night's close movements on both the gold and the share markets suggested a slight change.

There seemed to be a steadier tendency in shares following the Tuesday-Wednesday drop.

Whether this will lead to anything, today's sales will tell. But this flattening trend stopped the rot and enabled the market to close with twelve shares steady, nine down and eight up. The previous week's tally was 17 down, 11 steady and one up.

No Selling Pressure

The \$30 fall in Banks, the \$12.50 fall in Unions and the fall in Telephones and Trams brought the market to the lowest level since March 23, according to my calculations—just fractionally below last week's closing rates.

It has been rather a gloomy week again but investors can draw solace from the fact that London and New York have been much more dismal.

At least there has been little or no selling pressure here which would have pulled prices down considerably in the present listless conditions. Here is an authoritative view from House Street account on the week's business which is given exclusively to this column.

Bargain Levels?

"Further uncertainty led to a more cautious attitude and this persisted throughout the remainder of the week with a gradual falling off in the volume of business transacted."

"Under these conditions prices have tended to drift fractionally lower where changes in fact certain issues are approaching levels which may prove sufficient to induce some investment buying."

"In the Wheelock group, Wheelocks, Realties and Yumalis are yielding over 11 per cent. Banks are yielding about 5 per cent and Dairy Farms over 10 per cent."

Banks Fall—Why

In the Utility group—traditionally the market leaders—Yumalis, the two Lights and Electric and Trams, though the week's highs. Yesterday Trams kept steady at \$22.40, Yumalis at \$100, Lights at \$22.30, news at \$22.90. Electric was a quarter higher on the day at \$30.4, though the first sale was an odd lot of 84 which might have been difficult to sell. Telephone fell 20 cents to \$23.7. Yumalis, which have been selling at \$101 earlier in the week, sank back to \$100. Recent weakness in these shares has been due to the gradual disposal of a large individual holding.

Banks have been very sick recently, but this has been entirely due to the falls on the London Stock Exchange. If you care to work it out you will notice a big difference between Hongkong and London register shares. "Hongkong" yesterday were \$1,565. In London, Banks are quoted at about £200 or about \$1,384—\$181 lower, than the local shares.

Gilt Yield More

This gap fluctuates between about \$50 and \$150. Because there is such a wide difference now we are witnessing an evening up tendency. Basically what has happened is that London registers have fallen much more than local registers. To understand why let's take a look at Bank's competition in London.

With gilt-edged yielding so much one can hardly expect the market to show much interest in Banks yielding an equivalent or even a slightly higher rate.

Unions are also down this week—\$12.4. They have dropped £2 in a fortnight to £58 in London, but I see they are now back to £59. The reason for this fall is probably also London market movements.

The Time To Buy

And now a word about share levels: as was pointed out earlier, several shares are yielding well, notably the Wheelock group, Banks and Dairy Farms too. Trams are yielding 8.2 per cent, Yumalis, 7 per cent, Lights, about 5 per cent, Electric, 6.7 per cent, Telephone, 7.4 per cent and so on.

One is prompted to ask how much further shares will fall and the answer to this obviously depends upon the international situation. It is hard to see them falling much lower, however, unless investors have a very good reason for selling. Trams are pretty near the year's low and Electric and Telephone are climbing down to their low marks.

A number of shares have profit booking at their present rates of between 10 and 23 per cent. Obviously there must come a time soon—presumably there is a continued gradual improvement in the international situation when demand will burst through present inhibitions, when interest in T/T at current or higher rates must begin to pale with the realization that there are better bargains to be had in what is falling than in American dollars at \$8.50 with a 60 cents trip back to normal getting very near.

My advice to people who are considering buying is, not to waste any time, but size up the market and buy right away.

Diary Of The Week

Here is a diary of the week: Friday: Sentiment better. Prices improved. T/O: \$775,000. Monday: Prices make headway. Front T/O: \$1.1 million. Tuesday: Dull. Prices drift lower. T/O: \$830,000. Wednesday: Idle. Some shares yield ground. T/O: \$257,000. Thursday: Dull and featureless. T/O: \$437,000.

SWEDEN RAISES BANK RATE

Stockholm, Nov. 22. Sweden raised the bank rate from 3 1/2 per cent to 4 per cent today.

The Commissioners of the Swedish National Bank also announced that a new 4 1/2 per cent State loan is to be floated.

London Foreign Exchange

Closing rates were: New York \$2.05 3/8-3/10, Montreal \$2.05 1/2-3/10, Amsterdam \$1.05 1/2-3/10, Copenhagen \$1.05 1/2-3/10, Frankfurt \$1.05 1/2-3/10, Paris \$1.05 1/2-3/10, Rome \$1.05 1/2-3/10, Zurich \$1.05 1/2-3/10. Others were unchanged.—United Press.

★ The Share Market At A Glance ★

	Oct 5	Nov 1	Nov 8	Nov 15	Nov 22	Up or down
HK Banks	1630	1620 1/2	1610	1605	1595	down \$30
Lombard	43 1/4	42	42 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2	steady
Union	1000	98 1/2	99 1/2	98 1/2	98 1/2	steady
Underwriters	24.50	24.50	24.50	24.50	24.50	steady
Union Wharf	23.50	23.50	23.50	23.50	23.50	steady
Wheelocks	7.05	6.55	6.70	6.55	6.50	down 5c
HK Wharf	90	90	90 1/2	88 1/2	88 1/2	down 1 1/2
HK Docks	45 1/4	43 1/4	44	44 1/2	44 1/2	down 30c
Provident	13.90	13.90	13.90	13.90	13.90	steady
HK Hotels	15.10	14.40	14.80	14.80	14.80	down 10c
HK Land	64	61 1/2	63	61 1/2	61 1/2	steady
Humphreys	19.10	19.10	19.10	19.10	19.10	steady
HK Realty	1.425	1.35	1.35 1/2	1.35	1.35 1/2	down 10c
HK Trams	23.50	23 1/2	23	22.50	22.40	down 10c
Star Ferry	14 1/2	14 1/2	13 1/2	14 1/2	14 1/2	steady
Yumalis	107	102 1/2	104	102 1/2	102 1/2	down 10c
Ch Lights (o)	24.90	23.70	23.00	22.80	22.80	down 10c
Ch Lights (n)	24.20	23 1/2	23.00	22.80	22.80	down 10c
Electric	31 1/2	30 1/2	31	30	30 1/2	down 10c
HK Telephone	25.10	23.90	24.40	24 1/2	23.50	down 5c
G.I. Cement	38 1/4	36 1/2	38	36 1/2	36 1/2	down 10c
Dairy Farm	18.10	14.30	14.70	14.10	14.20	down 10c
A.R. Watson	13.80	12.00	13.60	13.10	13.20	down 10c
Lane Crawford	20.40	20.40	20.40	20.40	20.40	steady
Yangtze	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	steady
Alfred	4.00 1/2	4.00 1/2	4.00 1/2	4.00 1/2	4.00 1/2	steady
HK & F Inv	10.50	10.40	10.40	10.10	10 1/2	down 10c
Textile Corp	4.35	4.15	4.10	4.10	4.05	down 5c
Nanyang	7.55	7.50	7.50	7.50	7.50	steady

TODAY'S SHARE PRICES

(From Our Correspondent)

Business done on the Hongkong Stock Exchange this morning amounted to approximately \$344,000. Noon quotations and the morning's transactions:

Shares	Buyers	Sellers	Sales
BANKS			
HK Bank	1550	240	40 = 1000
East Asia	240		
SHIPPING			
Whitbread	0.50	0.00	1000 = 0 1/2
Ita.	1	1 1/2	
DOCKS, ETC.			
K. Wharf	88 1/2	92	1870 = 13
Prov. (O)	13		
LAND, ETC.			
HK Hotel	14 1/2	14.80	
HK Land	60 1/2	61	800 = 6 1/2
Reality	1.25		600 = 0 1/2
RUBBER			
Amalg. XD	1.42 1/2	1.475	7220 = 1.00
Truist	1.62 1/2	1.67 1/2	224 = 0.125
UTILITIES			
Yumalis	99 1/2	101	248 = 99 1/2
			100 = 100
C. Light (O)	22.20	22 1/2	
Electric	30 1/2	30 1/2	4105 = 30 1/2
Telephone	23 1/2	23.80	
(N)	23 1/2		
INDUSTRIALS			
Cement	36 1/2	37 1/2	
Hope	13	13.40	
STONES, ETC.			
Dunlopian	14.20		
Watson	13		
COTTONS			
Nanyang	7 1/2		

Exchange Rates

Business was done in the local unofficial exchange market this morning at the following rates: U.S. dollar (per \$1) 0.44, Sterling (per £1) 12.67, Australian notes (per £1) 12.67, Canadian dollar (per \$1) 12.67, Hong Kong dollar (per \$1) 12.67, Singapore (Straits) 1.80.

Japanese Buses Sold To Chile

Santiago, Nov. 22. The director of the Chilean State Transport Company said yesterday he is very satisfied with the efficient operation of the 300 giant Japanese buses purchased this autumn.

Each of these vehicles, bought from the Mitsubishi Fuso Motor Company of Japan at a total cost of \$8,338,000, seats 100 passengers and is authorised to accommodate 20 standing passengers.

Returns Up

The Japanese firm made the sale after outbidding German, British and American bus companies. It had previously sold 300 conventional type buses to Chile.

Ernesto de la Fuente, who is director of the State Transport Company, said that the economic returns from the 100-passenger buses is about 60 per cent greater than the 50-passenger type buses purchased earlier. However, he noted that the buses have had "some bad luck" in actual operation. They are very rapid, and at night construction and several have been damaged by crashes and collisions. He attributed these mishaps to in-

Commonwealth Supplies To United Kingdom Should Be Adequate

London, Nov. 22. Mr Peter Thorneycroft, President of the Board of Trade, told the Commons that he saw "no grounds for serious apprehension" about Britain's supplies from Commonwealth countries.

Commenting on the estimated effect the blocking of the Suez Canal would have on imports from Commonwealth and colonial sources, Mr Thorneycroft said in reply to a question by Mr John Rankin (Labour): "Of our total imports, slightly less than one quarter by value came through the Suez Canal in the first nine months of 1956. Most of these imports, with the exception of oil, came from Commonwealth countries. Some routes are more affected by the closing of the canal than others and it is not practicable to make a general estimate of the totals which will be involved."

No Grounds

"I am confident that traders, in co-operation with the shipping companies, will be able to accomplish the necessary re-routing in a way which will reduce the effects on our supplies to the minimum."

"On examination of our stock position, I see no grounds for serious apprehension about our supplies from Commonwealth countries."

Mr Rankin also asked: "Will you assure us that any re-routing necessary will not interrupt the continuity of supplies in such a way as to

WORLD RUBBER MARKETS

London, Nov. 22. The rubber market was steady with spot 1/4 higher at 32 1/2 pence. Prices:

No. 1 raw spot	32-32 1/2
Settlement house term:	
Dec.	31 1/2-31 3/4
Jan./Mar.	31 1/2-31 3/4
Apr./June	31 1/2-31 3/4
July/Sept.	31 1/2-31 3/4
Oct./Dec.	31 1/2-31 3/4
General markets, cif basis, ports:	
Nov.	31 1/2-31 3/4
Dec.	31 1/2-31 3/4
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